

同安一中 2016-2017 学年度下学期八年级期中考试

英语科试卷 (Units1-5)

(满分: 150 分 考试时间: 120 分钟)

命题人: 邱宗哲 审核人: 柯雅莉

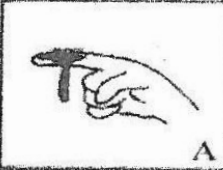
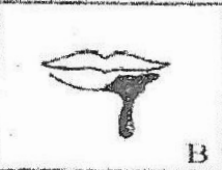
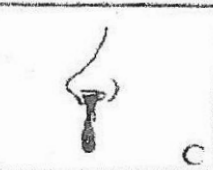
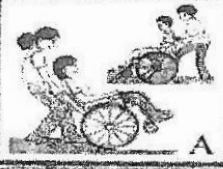
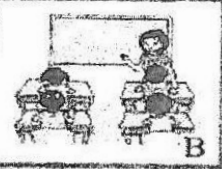
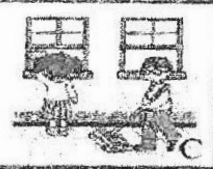



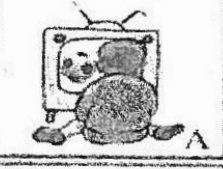





考生注意:

本试卷分为两大部分, 第一部分 (1-65 小题) 为选择题, 考生将答案用 2B 铅笔填涂在答题卡上; 第二部分为非选择题, 请考生将答案用 0.5 毫米的黑色签字笔书写在答题卷上。

第一部分 (选择题)

听力部分 (满分 30 分)

I. 听句子, 选图片 (7.5分)

() 1.	 A	 B	 C
() 2.	 A	 B	 C
() 3.	 A	 B	 C
() 4.	 A	 B	 C
() 5.	 A	 B	 C

II. 听对话 (15分) 共两节。

第一节 (6分)

6. What's the matter with David?

A. He has a headache.

B. He has a cough.

C. He has a sore throat.

7. What did Cindy do at the old people's home?

- A. She sang songs. B. She read the newspaper. C. She cleaned the room.
8. What does Jimmy have to do first?
A. Fold the clothes. B. Do the dishes. C. Sweep the floor.
9. What is John's advice for Kelly?
A. To give Helen a call. B. To write a letter to Helen. C. To send an e-mail to Helen.

第二节 (9分)

听第五段对话, 回答第10-11 题。

10. What does Alice want to do with Andy this afternoon?
A. Play sports. B. Visit museums. C. Watch movies.
11. What is Andy going to learn this afternoon?
A. The piano. B. The violin. C. The guitar.

听第六段对话, 回答第12-13 题。

12. What does Tim think of his volunteer work?
A. It's difficult but happy. B. It's relaxing and interesting.
C. It's difficult and meaningless.
13. How often does Tim go to the animal hospital?
A. Once a week. B. Twice a week. C. Three times a week.

听第七段对话, 回答第14-15 题。

14. What's the matter with Mike?
A. He has a high fever. B. He cut his knee. C. He hurt his leg.
15. Who took Mike to the hospital last night?
A. His brother. B. His father. C. His mother.

III. 听短文填表格, 每空一词。(7.5分)

注意: 请将此题的答案填写在答题卷上的第二部分。

Five Ways To Make You Feel Good	
• Believe yourself. Look in the mirror and say "I can do anything!" to yourself.	
• (66) _____ those who are in trouble.	
• Try to (67) _____.	
• (68) _____ an interest. Interest will lower your (69) _____ from study and make you happy.	
• (70) _____ with your family members.	

IV. 选择填空

从 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个最佳答案完成句子。每小题 1 分, 共 16 分。

16. ---I have a bad _____.

---I'm sorry to hear that. You should see a dentist.

A. headache

B. stomachache

C. toothache

17. ---Would you like some coffee or cola?

---_____. Orange juice, please.

- A. Neither B. Either C. Both
18. ---Tom, why did you come to school by bus this morning?
 ---There is something wrong with my bike. I will _____ after school
 A. set it up B. clean it up C. fix it up
19. ---I can't _____ the math problem. Could you help me right now?
 ---Sure. Let me see.
 A. work out B. work on C. work hard
20. The Internet is _____ because it can help us do lots of things.
 A. useful B. meaningless C. strange
21. ---Could we get something to drink after the movie?
 ---No, you _____. You have a basketball game tomorrow.
 A. couldn't B. can't C. shouldn't
22. ---Jim, may I _____ your pencil?
 ---Certainly. But you can't _____ it to others. I will use it soon.
 A. borrow, lend B. borrow, borrow C. lend, borrow
23. My mother doesn't allow me to watch TV too much. Yesterday she came over _____ I sat down in front of TV.
 A. until B. as soon as C. while
24. ---I'm _____ about the result of the Chinese exam.
 ---Don't worry. I'm sure you will pass it.
 A. shocked B. nervous C. careful
25. Peter used to arrive late last year, but now he _____. He has changed a lot.
 A. doesn't B. isn't C. hasn't
26. ---What's the weather like in your city now?
 ---It snowed last night. And it is still snowing _____.
 A. seriously B. completely C. heavily
27. ---Who did Nick go swimming with yesterday afternoon?
 --- _____. He went swimming by himself.
 A. Somebody B. Nobody C. Anybody
28. ---Sam, can you help me put the bed _____ the wall? ---No problem.
 A. against B. from C. to
29. _____ you study hard, you can't get good grades in the exams.
 A. As long as B. Unless C. Although
30. ---How is John now?
 ---I heard the company _____ him a good job, but he refused it.
 A. provided B. offered C. passed
31. ---Nancy, _____?
 ---No, I have a cough and I need to take some medicine.
 A. how's it going B. are you OK C. are you lonely

V. 完形填空

从 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选择一个最佳答案, 使短文意思完整。每小题 1.5 分, 共 15 分。

Mr. Smith worked in a big computer company. He had no wife, and of course, had no 32, either. He lived in an old house 33. He liked nothing but drinking. He almost spent all of his money 34 drinks.

One night, Mr. Smith met a friend of his on his way home. The man asked him to have dinner in a 35. He was happy and drank a lot. When they 36 the meal, Mr. Smith could hardly walk. His friend had to stop a taxi and asked the driver to take him 37.

Soon the taxi arrived at Mr. Smith's house. With the help of the 38, he got out of the taxi.

"Thank you, sir," said Mr. Smith. "And I can 39 the door by myself."

The taxi driver then went away. But Mr. Smith couldn't put the key into the key hole. He tried many times 40 he still failed. At that time, a policeman passed there.

"Can I help you open the door, sir?" asked the policeman.

"Thank you, sir. But I don't think you can." said Mr. Smith. "My house is circling now. If you can stop it from 41, I can open the door by myself."

- | | | |
|-------------------|------------------|-------------|
| 32. A. brother | B. sister | C. child |
| 33. A. alone | B. lonely | C. apart |
| 34. A. for | B. with | C. on |
| 35. A. restaurant | B. bookshop | C. hospital |
| 36. A. began | B. was having | C. finished |
| 37. A. to a hotel | B. to a hospital | C. home |
| 38. A. policeman | B. driver | C. doctor |
| 39. A. open | B. close | C. break |
| 40. A. and | B. so | C. but |
| 41. A. walking | B. traveling | C. moving |

VI. 阅读理解 (两节, 共 44 分)

第一节 阅读以下 A、B、C、D 四篇短文, 根据短文内容, 从题中所给 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择最佳答案 (每小题 2 分, 满分 40 分)

A

Jane was not a good student. Her head was in the clouds (处于幻想之中) most of the time. She wanted to listen in class, but other things seemed more important: her clothes, her hairstyle, new movies and soap operas. Many times she tried to work hard at her lessons, but soon she gave up.

One day, her math teacher gave the class an important lesson and told her students that there would be a test the next week. She helped them review all the week. Jane seemed to listen in class, but her mind went away again.

The day of the test arrived. Jane couldn't answer many of the questions in the exam. Mike,

a very hard-working student, sat in front of Jane. So Jane decided to copy his. Mike was very angry when he found Jane was copying his answers. He changed all his answers into wrong ones. Before the bell rang, Mike quickly changed his answers back into right ones. After the test, Mike turned to Jane and said, "All the answers you copied from my paper are wrong."

42. Jane thought _____ about her study than other things.
A. more B. less C. much D. little
43. Jane couldn't answer many of the questions on the exam because _____.
A. her mind was not in the study most of the time
B. she was not clever. C. she didn't know how to study
D. she had a headache
44. Mike was angry when he _____.
A. was changing all his answers B. found Jane copying his answers
C. found Jane copying the wrong answers D. was talking to Jane
45. Which of the following is right?
~~A~~. Jane copied the wrong answers. ~~B~~. Mike couldn't answer the questions
~~C~~. Jane tried her best in the exam. D. Mike was helpful
46. From the passage we learn that _____.
~~A~~. we should try to copy the right answers ~~B~~. Jane would listen carefully in class later
C. if Jane wants to get good grades, she has to work hard
D. Mike would help Jane with her study after the exam

B

Being outgoing is good for your life. Those people who are more outgoing like to meet lots of people and have more fun in life. In fact, being outgoing is not as hard as you think. Even shy people can be outgoing.

You can start becoming outgoing with your best friend or a group of friends. But the real challenge (挑战) comes when you meet strange people or new friends. Smile more, and usually they will return your smile. In this way, you may have some talks.

Start a talk. Just a simple greeting like "Hello" or "How is it going" is a good start. If you want to make interesting talks, you should read news in newspapers and prepare your views (观点), or surf the Internet for new information and then keep that in mind.

The easiest way to become more outgoing is to go out. This is also the most important step. Go to a park, beach, club, party or any place that you think can be fun, and you may make new friends there.

47. You should start to be outgoing with your _____.
A. parents B. strangers C. best friend D. new friend
48. When you start a talk with a stranger, you should say " _____ ?"
A. What's the matter ~~B~~ What's your name
~~C~~ How is it going ~~D~~ Are you healthy
49. The easiest way to be outgoing is '_____ '.

- A. talking B. smiling C. playing D. going out
50. To be outgoing can make us _____.

- A. have new friends B. healthier C. more athletic D. wilder

51. Which is NOT the writer's view?

- A. Being outgoing is good for our lives. B. Being outgoing is really difficult.
C. Being outgoing helps people have more fun.
D. Being outgoing with strangers is not easy.

C

If you have no special plans for your holidays, why not spend your time helping others?

Don't listen to people who say the young people today often think only of themselves. It's not true at all. More and more young people in the U.S.A. volunteer to spend their school holidays working for others. And they don't do it for money. Here are some of their stories.

Alice Hamilton, 17

I'm going to help the Forest Center build new hiking paths in the mountains. It's going to be terrific (极好的). I'll spend the whole summer living in the tent and breathing the clean mountain air. I'm going to sleep under the stars. It will be a nice sport, and I'll be able to do something good at the same time.



Jason Moore, 18

This summer, I'm going to volunteer with Special House Program. They build good, low-cost (低成本的) houses and sell them to families that are not very rich. They'll teach me what to do, so I'll help people and also have a chance to learn how to build houses.

Trish Anderson, 16

I'm going to teach kids who have trouble in reading. I'll work for a program called Reading for Life. Every day, I'm going to help kids choose and read books that they like. I want to be a teacher, and I love children and reading, so this is going to be a great experience for me.

52. Young people in the U.S.A. volunteer to spend _____ helping others.

- A. school holidays B. weekdays C. every morning D. every afternoon

53. What does Alice volunteer to do in summer?

- ☒ A. To sleep under the stars. ☒ B. To breathe the clean mountain air.
C. To spend the whole summer living in the tent.
☒ D. To help build new hiking paths in the mountains.

54. From the passage, we know that Jason Moore _____.

- A. likes reading B. is 18 years old C. isn't very rich D. is good at sport

55. _____ wants to be a teacher.

- A. Alice Hamilton B. Jason Moore C. Trish Anderson D. None of them

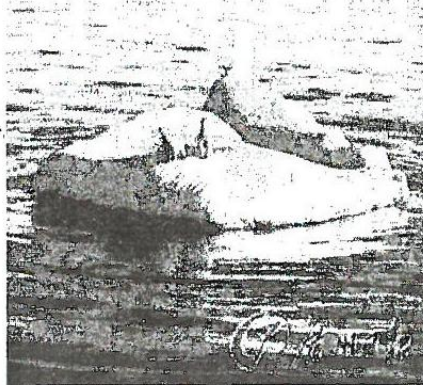
56. Which is the most possible title (标题) for this passage?

- A. Reading for Life B. A Special House Program
C. The Forest Center D. Young American Volunteers

D

In recent years, the Earth has been getting warmer. Average (平均的) temperatures have risen. Possibly this is natural, but probably we are causing it. Modern people use a lot of electricity and drive a lot of cars. This puts carbon dioxide (二氧化碳) into the air and helps to make the planet warmer. When we hear this news, we may smile. No one likes long, cold winters, but, unluckily, there are many bad points about a warmer Earth.

First, the ice at the Poles (两极) melts and becomes water. The result is that the sea level becomes higher. Low islands will disappear. Cities on the coast (海岸) will be in danger from the sea. Will Tokyo, Bangkok, Hong Kong and Shanghai become like parts of Holland – lower than the sea. Possibly we will have to build walls to keep the water out. Typhoons will become even more dangerous and frightening.



Sadly, the second point is that storms will become bigger. Super-typhoons will be born in the Pacific and do great damage (损毁) to East Asia. The same will happen to the Eastern United States.

As the weather changes, some places that now have rain will become dry. The farmers will not be able to grow plants. Maybe some dry places will become wet – we don't know, but we will soon find out, and the change will cause many problems. There might be wars because of it.

57. The underlined word “melts” in the second paragraph means _____ in Chinese.

- A. 融化 B. 凝固 C. 结冰 D. 蒸发

58. What will happen to low islands when the Earth gets warmer and warmer?

- A. They will melt and become water. B. They will be under the water.
C. They will become higher. D. They will keep out the water.

59. In the last sentence, “it” refers to _____.

- A. the change of weather B. the power of the United States
C. the ice at the Poles D. the average temperature

60. Which of the following sentences is false?

- A. Shanghai will possibly build walls to prevent the water, like parts of Holland.
B. The farmers will not be able to grow plants because of the dry weather.
C. Electricity puts carbon dioxide into the air.
D. The warmer the Earth is getting, the higher the average temperature is.

61. Which is the best title of this passage?

- A. The Earth Is Getting Warmer B. Global (全球的) Warming Problems
C. We Made the Earth Warmer D. How to Protect the Earth

第二节 E 篇阅读下面短文，将方框里 A—D 四个句子分别填入文中空缺处，使内容完整、正确（每小题 1 分，共 4 分）

Do you want to change something at your school or in your area? Now let's find out how to start your own campaign (运动).

What is it? Think about what you want your campaign to be about. What's important to you? (62)_____ Maybe you want girls to be able to play football with boys or you want to call on people to classify (分类) the life rubbish in your neighborhood?

(63)_____ Tell your family and teachers about your ideas and see what they think. If they like your ideas, ask them to join you.

Name it! Coming up with a cool and meaningful name for your campaign will help it stand out. Discuss it with your classmates, and even see if you can get all students at your school to join.

(64)_____ Now you need to let people know about your campaign. Make posters (海报) with your message and show them around your school or in your area. But remember not to give out any of your personal information, like your e-mail or telephone number to people you don't know.

(65)_____ It may take a long time to get your campaign going, but don't give up. If it's important to you, then try your best.

- | |
|--|
| A. Spread (传播) the word!
B. Ask for help!
C. Keep going!
D. What do you want to change? |
|--|

第二部分 (非选择题)

听力填词

66. _____ 67. _____ 68. _____
69. _____ 70. _____

VII. 短文填词 (每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 根据语境、音标或单词的提示, 在每个空格内填入一个适当的单词, 使短文意思完整、行文连贯。

A teacher decided to let her class play a game. She told each child in the class to bring along a bag with a few tomatoes. Each tomato would be given a name of a person that the child _____ (hate). So the number of tomatoes in his or her bag would _____ (/di'pend/) on the number of people the child hated.

When the day came, every child _____ some tomatoes with the name of the people he or she hated. Some had 2 tomatoes; some had 3, while some had up to 5 tomatoes.

The teacher then told the children to _____ (/ˈkæri/) the tomatoes with them wherever they went for one week. Days passed, and the children started to complain (抱怨) because the rotten (腐烂) tomatoes let out terrible smell (气味).

Those children who had 5 tomatoes had to carry _____ (heavy) bags. After one week, the children were happy because the game had _____ (final) ended. The teacher asked, "How did you feel while carrying the tomatoes with you for one week?" The children started complaining of the _____ (/ˈtrʌbl/) that they had to carry the heavy and smelly tomatoes.

Then the teacher told them the _____ (mean) behind the game. The teacher said, "This is the _____ situation when you carry your hatred (憎恨) for somebody inside your heart. The terrible smell of hatred will pollute your heart, and you will carry it with you wherever you go. If you cannot _____ the smell of rotten tomatoes for just one week, can you imagine what it is like to have the hatred in your heart for your lifetime?"

VIII. 根据情景提示, 在横线上填入恰当的短语或句子。(每小题 2 分, 共 10 分。)

1. 你想知道当台风来时 Tom 正在做什么, 你可以这样问他:

_____ when the typhoon came?

2. 你妈妈看见你躺在床上, 她想知道你怎么啦, 她可以这样问你:

_____?

3. 老师要求你扫扫地板, 他可以这样说:

_____?

4. 你说你将帮助安慰生病住院的孩子, 你可以这样说:

I'll help _____ in hospital.

5. 心理老师建议你跟家长沟通, 她可以这样说:

_____ your parents?

IX. 看图写话 根据每题所提供的图画的情景和提示词，写一个与图画情景相符的句子。
(每小题 2 分，共 10 分。)



1. able, age, six



2. at 9:00 last Sunday



3. grandpa, used to



4. have, yesterday



5. tired, because, until midnight

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

X. 短文写作 (本题 15 分)

某英文报刊正在进行以 "One thing I'm proud of" 为题的征文活动。请你用英语写一篇 100 个词左右的文章，记述一件你引以为豪的事情，参加此次征文活动。

注意：短文中不允许出现与考生本人相关的真实姓名和校名等信息。